

KINGSTON



Camp Dates: June 18th, 19th and 20th Pre-register by: June 1st

TIME: 5pm to 8pm each evening (Preferential camp shirt sizing)

PLACE: KHS High School Gym

COST: \$100.00 (Please make checks payable to KHS Volleyball ASB)

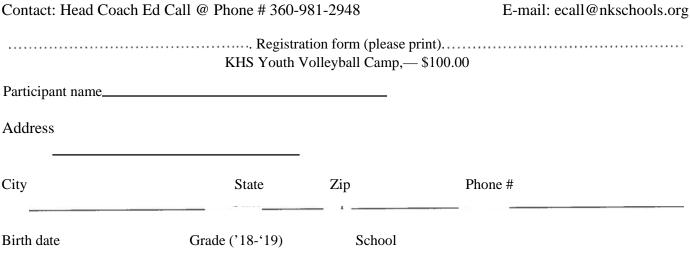
Who: Up to 9th grade players seeking to make their MS/HSTeams.

*Please make checks payable to: KHS Volleyball ASB and hand in to the

Kingston High School ASB Accounting Office or mail to:

Players new to the game who need to improve skills.

Lori Camp 26201 Siyaya Avenue NE Kingston, WA 98346



(Shirt size availability not guaranteed for late or walk up registrants.)

Shirt Size: Circle one Adult S M L XL

All participants must sign the following release. Parents or guardians must sign waivers. I/We realizing no insurance coverage is provided for the participants, will assume financial responsibility for any cost relating to an accident or injury that might occur while participating in this camp. Furthermore, I will not hold the North Kitsap School District or any of its employees, volunteers, or anyone else responsible for any accident or injury that might occur.

Parent/Guardian Email:



A Great Place to Live & Learn

Emergency Insurance Information & Consent 2018-2019

Athlete's Name:	Phone:	Sport(s):
Address:	City:	State:Zip:
Parent/Guardian Name(s):		Employer:
Address:	City:	State:Zip:
Home Phone:		Cell:
Emergency Contact:		Phone:
Emergency Contact (other than a parent/guardian)	an):	Phone:
Each student participating in athletic activit medical insurance for student injuries, but	vities is required to have m rt does make available infor	Each student participating in athletic activities is required to have medical insurance that covers injuries. I understand that NKSD does not provide medical insurance for student injuries, but does make available information about student accident/health insurance that you may purchase.
Family Health Accident Insurance		
Carrier:		
Group#: Policy #:		:\D\#:
Family Physician:		
Address:	City:	State:Zip:
Any serious medical conditions?		
Allergies?		
I/We hereby grant consent to any and all health care providers designed by NKSD to provide my child (name)	ealth care providers designed	y NKSD to provide my child (name)
I/We hereby grant consent to any and all health care providers designed by	ealth care providers designed	d by NKSD to provide my child (name)

understand and agree that medical information may be shared with other healthcare professionals and athletic department personnel.

I will notify the school is writing of any changes or cancellation of my insurance.

Parent Signature

Date



Sudden Cardiac Arrest

Information Sheet for

Student-Athletes, Coaches and Parents/Guardians
SSB 5083 ~ SCA Awareness Act













What is sudden cardiac arrest? Sudden Cardiac Arrest (SCA) is the sudden onset of an abnormal and lethal heart rhythm, causing the heart to stop beating and the individual to collapse. SCA is the leading cause of death in the U.S. afflicting over 300,000 individuals per year.

SCA is also the leading cause of sudden death in young athletes during sports

What causes sudden cardiac arrest? SCA in young athletes is usually caused by a structural or electrical disorder of the heart. Many of these conditions are inherited (genetic) and can develop as an adolescent or young adult. SCA is more likely during exercise or physical activity, placing student-athletes with undiagnosed heart conditions at greater risk. SCA also can occur from a direct blow to the chest by a firm projectile (baseball, softball, lacrosse ball, or hockey puck) or by chest contact from another player (called "commotio cordis").

While a heart condition may have no warning signs, some young athletes may have symptoms but neglect to tell an adult. If any of the following symptoms are present, a cardiac evaluation by a physician is recommended:

- · Passing out during exercise
- · Chest pain with exercise
- · Excessive shortness of breath with exercise
- · Palpitations (heart racing for no reason)
- · Unexplained seizures
- · A family member with early onset heart disease or sudden death from a heart condition before the age of 40

How to prevent and treat sudden cardiac arrest? Some heart conditions at risk for SCA can be detected by a thorough heart screening evaluation. However, all schools and teams should be prepared to respond to a cardiac emergency. Young athletes who suffer SCA are collapsed and unresponsive and may appear to have brief seizure-like activity or abnormal breathing (gasping). SCA can be effectively treated by immediate recognition, prompt CPR, and quick access to a defibrillator (AED). AEDs are safe, portable devices that read and analyze the heart rhythm and provide an electric shock (if necessary) to restore a normal heart rhythm.

Remember, to save a life: recognize SCA, call 9-1-1, begin CPR, and use an AED as soon as possible!



Cardiac 3-Minute Drill

1. RECOGNIZE Sudden Cardiac Arrest

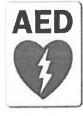
- Collapsed and unresponsive
- Abnormal breathing
- Seizure-like activity

2. CALL 9-1-1

- Call for help and for an AED
- 3. CPR
- Begin chest compressions
- Push hard/ push fast (100 per minute)
- 4. AED
- Use AED as soon as possible

5. CONTINUE CARE

 Continue CPR and AED until EMS arrives



Be Prepared! Every Second Counts!

UW Medicine

Center For Sports Cardiology www.uwsportscardiology.org



WASHINGTON INTERSCHOLASTIC ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATION



SCA Awareness Youth Heart Screening CPR/AED in Schools

www.nickoftimefoundation.org



North Kitsap School District Concussion Fact Sheet



for High School Sports
Fact sheet for **STUDENT-ATHLETES**

What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury that:

- Is caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head.
- Can change the way your brain normally works.
- Can range from mild to severe.
- Can occur during practices or games in any sport
- Can happen even if you haven't been knocked
 out
- Can be serious even if you've just been "dinged" or had your "bell rung."

How can I prevent a concussion?

It's different for every sport. But there are steps you can take to protect yourself from concussion.

- Follow your coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Use the proper sports equipment, including personal protective equipment (such as helmets). In order for equipment to protect you, it must be:
 - Appropriate for the game, position, and activity
 - Well maintained
 - Properly fitted
 - Used every time you play

What are the symptoms of a concussion?

- Nausea (feeling that you might vomit)
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or fuzzy vision
- · Sensitivity to light or noise
- Headache
- Feeling sluggish
- Feeling foggy or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays)
- Confusion



What should I do if I think I have a concussion?

- Tell your athletic trainer, coaches and your parents. Never ignore a bump, blow, or jolt to the head. Also, tell your coach if one of your teammates might have a concussion.
- Get a medical check up. A licensed health care professional can tell you if you have had a concussion and when you are OK to return to play.
- Give yourself time to recover. If you have had a concussion, your brain needs time to heal.
 While your brain is still healing, you are much more likely to have a second concussion. Second or later concussions can cause permanent brain damage, and even death in rare cases. Severe brain injury can change your whole life.

How do I know if I've had a concussion?

You can't see a concussion, but you might notice some of the symptoms right away. Other symptoms can show up days or weeks after the injury. It's best to see a health care professional if you think you might have a concussion. An undiagnosed concussion can affect your ability to do schoolwork and other everyday activities. It also raises your risk for additional, serious injury.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.







North Kitsap School District Concussion Fact Sheet

for High School Sports
Fact Sheet for Parents

What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious.

What are the signs and symptoms of concussion?

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or can take days or weeks to appear. If your teen reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical

attention right away.

a	atterition right away.				
Signs observed by athletic trainer, coaches, parents or guardian		S	Symptom reported by athlete		
	Appearing dazed or stunned	•	Headache		
•	Is confused about assignment	•	Nausea		
•	Forgets plays	•	Balance problems or		
•	Is unsure of game, score, or		dizziness		
	opponent	•	Double or fuzzy vision		
	Moves clumsily	•	Sensitivity to light or noise		
•	Answers questions slowly	•	Feeling sluggish		
•	Loses consciousness	•	Feeling foggy or groggy		
•	Shows behavior or personality	•	Concentration or memory		
	changes		problems		
•	Can't recall events prior to hit	•	Confusion		
	Can't recall events after hit				



What should you do if you think your teenage athlete has a concussion?

- Seek medical attention right away. A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your teen to return to sports.
- Keep your teen out of play. Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your teen return to play until a health
 care professional says it's OK. Athletes who return to play too soon—while the brain is still healing—risk a
 greater chance of having a second concussion. Second or later concussions can be very serious. They
 can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your teen for a lifetime.
- Tell your teen's athletic trainer and coaches about any recent concussion. Athletic Trainers and coaches should know if your teen had a recent concussion in ANY sport. Your teen's athletic trainer and coaches may not know about a concussion your teen received in another sport or activity unless you tell them. Knowing about the concussion will allow the athletic trainer and coach to keep your teen from activities that could result in another concussion.
- Remind your teen: It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.





North Kitsap School District

Student Name (Printed)

Parent Name (Printed)

Student/Parent Concussion and Sudden Cardiac Arrest Awareness Form

The North Kitsap School District believes participat coordination, self-discipline, and gives students va and life skills.	
With this in mind it is important that we do as muce enjoyable and safe environment. As a parent/guar protecting participants and helping them get the b	dian or student you play a vital role in
Player and parental education in this area is crucia Management and Sudden Cardiac Arrest Awarenes regularly.	
This form must be signed annually by the parent/g North Kitsap School District athletics. If you have of provided in the pamphlet, please contact the athle	questions regarding any of the information
I HAVE RECEIVED, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE III CONCUSSION RECOGNITION AND SUDDEN CARDI	

Student Name (Signed)

Parent Name (Signed)

Date

Date

North Kitsap School District

INFORMED CONSENT FORM RE: VOLLEYBALL

Student Name:	Birth Date:
School:	Grade:
We accept and understand that the sport of volleyba hazards that may cause serious personal injury, included necessitating long term care and significantly impair accept and understand that the above-described in limited to: concussions; serious neck and spinal injurt paralysis; brain damage; blindness; serious injury to joints, ligaments, muscles and tendons; contusions; may occur as a result of participating in this sport.	luding death, severe paralysis or brain injury iring enjoyment of life or life activities. We ajuries and other injuries, including but not ries potentially resulting in complete or partial all internal organs; serious injury to all bones,
We understand that the inherent risks of this sport c essential qualities of the sport. We have reviewe appreciate them and still desire to participate in the a (Student Initial) (Parent Initial)	d all of these risks and we understand and
We certify that (Student Name) physical conditions which could interfere with or conactivity. (Student Initial) (Parent Initial)	
I authorize qualified emergency medical professiona serious illness, to administer emergency medical care (Parent Initial)	
In the event it becomes necessary for school district sabove-named student, we understand that neither the financial liability for the expenses incurred becaunforeseen circumstances. (Student Initial) (Parent Initial)	staff member nor the school district assumes
I certify that my household has sufficient medical is care or resultant care for any injury that may be susta (Parent Initial)	

PROGRAM. BY SIGNING BELOW UNDERSTAND ITS CONTENT AND		AD THE ABOVE
Student name (please print)	Student signature	Date
HAVING READ AND INITIALED TO I HAVE READ THIS DOCUMENT AT WITH PARTICIPATING IN THIS PROGRAM. BY SIGNING BELOW UNDERSTAND ITS CONTENT AN PARTICIPATE.	ND FULLY UNDERSTAND THE RIS S VOLUNTARY SCHOOL DISTR V, I CERTIFY THAT I HAVE REA	KS ASSOCIATED RICT ATHLETIC AD THE ABOVE
Parent/guardian name (please print)	Parent/guardian signature	Date

HAVING READ AND INITIALED THE STATEMENTS ABOVE, I ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I HAVE READ THIS DOCUMENT AND FULLY UNDERSTAND THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH PARTICIPATING IN THIS VOLUNTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT ATHLETIC